



## Curriculum Policy.

### 1 Introduction

- 1.1 The curriculum is all the planned activities that we organise in order to promote learning and personal growth and development. It includes not only the formal requirements of the National Curriculum, but also the range of extra-curricular activities that the school organises in order to enrich the experience of the children. It also includes the 'hidden curriculum', or what the children learn from the way they are treated and expected to behave. We aim to teach children how to grow into positive, respectable, responsible people, who can work and co-operate with others while developing knowledge and skills, so that they achieve their true potential.

### 2 Values

- 2.1 Our school curriculum is underpinned by the values that we hold dear at our school. The curriculum is the means by which the school achieves its objective of educating children in the knowledge, skills and understanding that they need in order to lead fulfilling lives (UNCRC- Article 28: All children and young people have a right to a primary education, which should be free. Wealthy countries should help poorer countries achieve this. Discipline in schools should respect children's human dignity. Young people should be encouraged to reach the highest level of education they are capable of).
- 2.2 Our school is in full agreement with the value statement included in the introduction to The National Curriculum for Primary Teachers in England. These are the main values of our school, upon which we have based our curriculum:  
We value the way in which all children are unique, and our curriculum promotes respect for the views of each individual child, as well as for people of all cultures. We value the spiritual and moral development of each person, as well as their intellectual and physical growth (UNCRC –Article 12: Children have the right to say what they think should happen, when adults are making decisions that affect them, and to have their opinions taken into account).
- We value the importance of each person in our community. We organise our curriculum so that we promote co-operation and understanding between all members of our community.
  - We value the rights enjoyed by each person in our society. We respect each child in our school for who they are, and we treat them with fairness and honesty. We aim to enable each person to be successful, and we provide equal opportunities for all the children in our school (UNCRC- Article 29: Education should develop each child's personality and talents to the full. It should encourage children to respect their parents, and their own and other cultures).
  - We value our environment, and we aim, through our curriculum, to teach respect for our world, and how we should care for it for future generations, as well as our own.

### 3 Aims and objectives

- 3.1 The aims of our school curriculum are:
- to enable all children to learn and develop their skills to the best of their ability;



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- to promote a positive attitude towards learning, so that children enjoy coming to school, and acquire a solid basis for lifelong learning;
- to teach children the basic skills of literacy, numeracy and computing;
- to teach the foundation subjects of the National Curriculum;
- to enable children to be creative and to become independent thinkers;
- to teach children about their developing world, including how their environment and society have changed over time;
- to enable children to be positive citizens in society;
- to fulfil all the requirements of the National Curriculum and the Locally Agreed Syllabus for Religious Education;
- to teach children to have an awareness of their own spiritual development, and to understand right from wrong;
- to help children understand the importance of truth and fairness, so that they grow up committed to equal opportunities for all;
- to enable children to have respect for themselves and high self-esteem, and to be able to live and work co-operatively with others.

## 4 Organisation and planning

- 4.1** We plan our curriculum in three phases. We agree a long-term plan for each key stage. This indicates what topics are to be taught in each term, and to which groups of children. We review our long-term plan on an annual basis.
- 4.2** With our medium-term plans, we give clear guidance on the learning intentions and teaching strategies that we use when teaching each topic. As we have adopted the National Curriculum and revised Frameworks for our school, we take our medium-term planning directly from the guidance documents. We use the national curriculum age related expectations for much of our medium-term planning in the foundation subjects.
- 4.3** Our short-term plans are those that our teachers write on a weekly or daily basis. We use these to set out the learning intentions for each session, and to identify what resources and activities we are going to use in the lesson.
- 4.4** In the Foundation Stage and at Key Stage 1 we adopt an inter-disciplinary topic approach to curriculum planning. We plan the curriculum carefully, so that there is coherence and full coverage of all aspects of the National Curriculum and early learning goals, and there is planned progression in all curriculum areas.
- 4.5** Over the three terms of the academic year, each child has the opportunity to experience the full range of National Curriculum subjects.

## 5 Children with special needs

- 5.1** The curriculum in our school is designed to provide access and opportunity for all children who attend the school. If we think it necessary to adapt the curriculum to meet the needs of individual children, then we do so only after the parents of the child have been consulted.
- 5.2** If a child has a special need, our school does all it can to meet these individual needs. We comply with the requirements set out in the SEND Code of Practice in providing for



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children with special needs. If a child displays signs of having special needs, his/her teacher makes an assessment of this need. In most instances the teacher is able to provide resources and educational opportunities which meet the child's needs within the normal class organisation. If a child's need is more severe, we consider the child for a statement of special needs, and we involve the appropriate external agencies when making this assessment. We always provide additional resources and support for children with special needs.

- 5.3** The school provides an Individual Educational Plan (IEP) for each of the children who are on the special needs register. This sets out the nature of the special need, and outlines how the schools will aim to address the need. It also sets out targets for improvement, so that we can review and monitor the progress of each child at regular intervals.

## **6 The Foundation Stage**

- 6.1** The curriculum that we teach in the nursery & reception classes meets the requirements set out in the Foundation Stage Curriculum. Our curriculum planning focuses on the Early Learning Goals and on developing children's skills and experiences, as set out in development matters.
- 6.2** Our school fully supports the principle that young children learn through play, and by engaging in well-planned structured activities. Teaching in the reception class builds on the experiences of the children in their pre-school learning. We do all we can to build positive partnerships with the variety of nurseries and other pre-school providers in the area.
- 6.3** During the children's first few weeks in the reception class, their teacher assesses them against the Development Matters Statements. This assessment forms an important part of the future curriculum planning for each child.
- 6.4** We are well aware that all children need the support of parents and teachers to make good progress in school. We strive to build positive links with the parents of each child by keeping them informed about the way in which the children are being taught and how well each child is progressing.

## **7 Building learning Power**

- 7.1** The school is keen to develop effective learners who access the National Curriculum by:
- being resourceful
  - working together
  - being reflective
  - being resilient.
- 7.2** In our curriculum planning we highlight these skills, so that the children's progress in all of these areas can be identified and monitored. All subject areas contribute to a child's progress in these skills. Our school believes that all children need to make good progress in these skill areas in order to develop to their true potential.



## 8 The role of the curriculum co-ordinator

8.1 The role of the curriculum co-ordinator is to:

- provide a strategic lead and direction for the subject;
- support and offer advice to colleagues on issues related to the subject;
- monitor pupil progress in that subject area;
- provide efficient resource management for the subject.

8.2 The school gives subject leaders non-contact time which they bid for each term based on their action plans and key school development priorities, so that they can carry out the necessary duties involved with their role. It is the role of each subject leader to keep up to date with developments in their subject, at both national and local level. They review the way the subject is taught in the school and plan for improvement. This development planning links to whole-school objectives. Each subject leader reviews the curriculum plans for their subject, ensures that there is full coverage of the National Curriculum and that progression is planned into schemes of work. The subject leader also keeps a portfolio of children's work, which s/he uses to show the achievements of children at each key stage and to give examples of expectations of attainment.

## 9 Monitoring and review

9.1 Our governing body's PAD committee is responsible for monitoring the way the school curriculum is implemented. This committee reviews each subject area throughout the year with each governor linked to an area which they have a responsibility to feed back to the full Governing body on their findings and dialogue with the subject leaders.

9.2 We have named governors for literacy, numeracy, computing and Special Needs. The governors liaise with the subject leaders of these areas, and monitor closely the way the school teaches these subjects.

9.3 The headteacher is responsible for the day to day organisation of the curriculum. The headteacher monitors the weekly lesson plans for all teachers, ensuring that all classes are taught the full requirements of the National Curriculum, and that all lessons have appropriate learning intentions.

9.4 Subject leaders monitor the way their subject is taught throughout the school. They examine long-term and medium-term planning, and ensure that appropriate teaching strategies are used. Subject leaders also have responsibility for monitoring the way in which resources are stored and managed.

**Signed:** *R. K. Mahil-Pooni*

**Date:** September 2016

**Approved by the Governing Body:-** 12<sup>th</sup> October 2016

**Next review date:** July 2019